



XinaBox STEM Raspberry Pi Kit - XK03

Congratulations on receiving your XinaBox (pronounced: X in a Box) Raspberry Pi Kit.

You will find tips on getting started, code samples, projects, useful links to libraries and other resources on our [wiki](#) and [website](#). These pages are also available online with links to fast track your building great devices with XinaBox!

This kit helps Raspberry Pi lovers build sophisticated electronic devices in minutes. With XinaBox's modular sensors for weather, hand gestures, proximity, acceleration/ movement, volatile and organic gases, as well as capacitive touch, your Pi is transformed into an IoT hub, together with its own mini OLED display for local device monitoring.

The kit includes our [BR01](#) bridge giving your Pi access to our full eco-system of 60+ modular [sensors](#), [output](#), [control](#), [communication](#), and [auxiliary](#) xChips. Finally, we provide the right number of xBus and xPDI [connectors](#) for building and programming your xChips.

All of this is with no change to the way you code, no need to learn electronics, solder or breadboard. xChips are robust, so you can reuse and prototype countless devices.

Kit contents

- 1 x [BR01 - Raspberry Pi Bridge](#)
- 1 x [OD01 - OLED Display 128x64 \(SSD1306\)](#)
- 1 x [SG33 - VOC and eCO2 Sensor \(CCS811\)](#)
- 1 x [SH01 - Capacitive Touch \(CAP1296\)](#)
- 1 x [SI02 IMU 6DoF \(MAG3110 & MMA8653fc\)](#)
- 1 x [SL06 - Gesture Sensor\(APDS-9960\)](#)
- 1 x [SW01 - Advanced Weather Sensor \(BME280\)](#)
- 1 x [XC10 - 10-Pack xBUS Connectors](#)

Please note that the Raspberry Pi is *not* included in the kit.

How it works

XinaBox [BR01](#) is the hardware bridge that connects xChips with your Raspberry Pi (abbreviated to RasPi). The bridge simply extends the I2C and UART bus, and 3.3volt power to the xChips connected. xChips communicate using I2C, so you need to activate that bus by running "Raspberry Pi Configuration" from the "Preferences" menu. This is accessible from the default NOOBS/Raspbian menu or by typing "sudo raspi-config" in the terminal. Once the bus is activated, you can type "i2cdetect -y 1" to scan which xChips are connected.

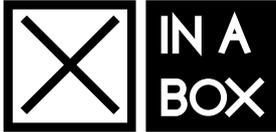
Please see our wiki page for more on connecting your RasPi with XinaBox, and our simple [Hackster project](#) creating a weather station with 5 lines of Python code.

Note for Raspberry Pi Zero users, you can use the [BR03 Raspberry Pi Zero Bridge](#) instead of the [BR01 Raspberry Pi Bridge](#).

There are many third-party I2C libraries available for the xChip range, either written specifically for our products, or referencing the key component. Please see [here](#) for a list of libraries for the XK03 components. You will find many libraries by searching GitHub by either our product name (e.g. SW01), or the underlying component (e.g. Bosch BME280). You can always find the component details on our website and wiki, together with a link to the relevant datasheet, if you want to explore more advanced specification and functionality. Most of our users code in Python on a Linux based O/S, such as NOOBS/Raspbian. They can find a "pip install" to many of our xChips by searching for the main chipset, as just described. Raspberry Pi also supports many other user groups, such as NodeRed, Gobot and programming in Go, LabView, Wolfram/Mathematica, and Microsoft C# and PowerBerry on the Windows 10 IoT platform.

Some ideas to get you started

- Build a weather station in less than 5 minutes (see [Raspberry Pi Weather Station](#) to get you started)
 - first using only your RasPi, [BR01](#), [SW01](#) and a single [XC10](#) connector. Adding [MD01](#) Spacer xChip allows you to move the sensor further away from the heat of RasPi's CPU.
 - The [SW01](#) measures temperature, humidity and pressure, from which altitude, cloud base can also be estimated.
 - Next, you can add the [OD01](#) mini-OLED display to show the Bosch sensor's output on the device
 - And then the [SH01](#) as a mini keyboard, and you have yourself a unit with input and output not exceeding the size of the RasPi. You could log temperature data to the cloud on the press of a button, or change the displayed data using the same mini-keyboard



- Add xChip [SG33](#) to your weather station to get sophisticated air quality readings, which could be used to control ventilation, heating and emergency warnings.
- Revisit your childhood and play the classic [Space Invaders](#) game on your Pi mini OLED display, together with the mini keyboard
- Create an amazing [Servo Controlled Time-Lapse Camera](#) which records images on your untethered device for later retrieval - we've used this in amazing balloon missions!
- Show live video from your Pi camera on our mini-OLED display - here's the [project](#) to follow
- Control apps on your Pi using hand gestures. The [SL06](#) Gesture Sensor recognises hand gestures including up/down and left/right swipes, as well as your hand's proximity, allowing you to create a control interface for your Pi software.
- Create an M&Ms sorter, using the [SL06](#) Gesture sensor to identify M&M colour, and the servo to steer M&Ms into colour coded piles
- Make a tracker with the [SI02](#) to show how smooth your driving is! The mini OLED can also display live data on how much you accelerate, brake and take sharp turns
- Or make a mobile tracker to measure how much G-force and shocks you take on your bike at the weekend. How fast can you accelerate (or brake)?

About XinaBox

XinaBox designs, develops, and sells modular electronics for the IoT and STEM education markets, in senior schools as well as universities. The technology allows for rapid IoT, embedded and electronics prototyping and development, without soldering, wiring or other hardware knowledge ... just coding.

By radically reducing prototyping requirements using XinaBox's xChips, the technology saves on laboratory equipment and engineering know-how, whether in schools, universities or industry. XinaBox accelerates speed-to-market by creating scalable and upgradable solutions.

Built-in redundancy ensures reliability, security and robustness.

-  No soldering
-  Digital
-  Standard sizes

Coding in minutes

The XinaBox community develops projects and experiments to solve challenges and answer questions requiring precise data collection and analysis.

XinaBox's ecosystem comprises:

-  Sensors, digital and analogue inputs
-  Core processing modules
-  Power solutions
-  Output, radio, and communication solutions
-  Accessories and bridges to all popular single board computers

XinaBox is used in classrooms, industrial environments and in the field collecting research data in extreme environments, planning for space, the Moon, Mars and beyond.

Thank you for joining our community.